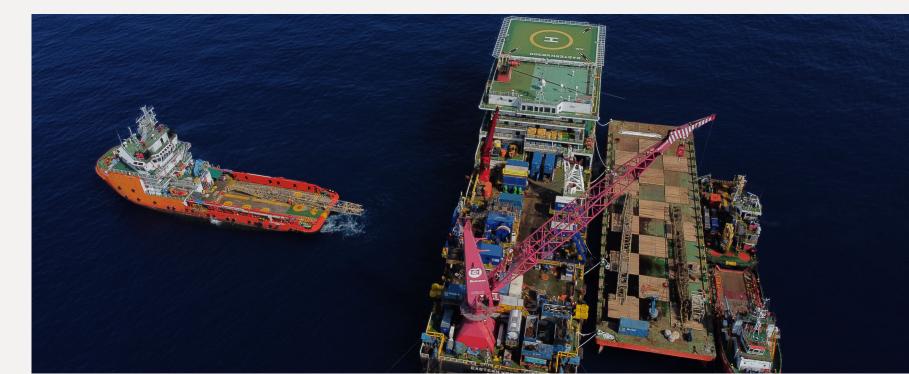
Salvage and Wreck Conference 2023, London Edward Wollaston and Nina Hanevold-Sandvik, Casualty and Major Claims, Skuld

#### Particularities of Offshore Casualties and Wreck Removal





#### Offshore Casualties and Wreck Removal





- Stakeholders
- Contracts
- Insurance and reinsurance
- Approvals and access to site
- Surveys
- Technical challenges for removal
- Proximity to other installations and operations
- Recycling
- Where next?



### Stakeholder identification and management

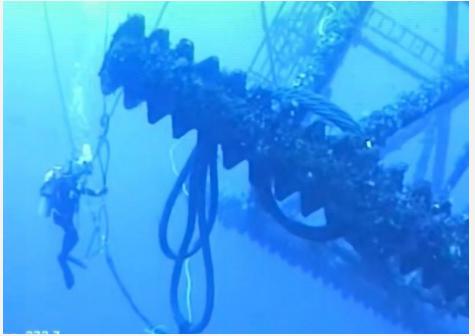
# Public authorities

- Petroleum
- Marine
- Environmental

# Commercial interests

- Owners/assured
- Field operator
- Licensees

#### Contractual framework



- Contract between owner/assured and field operator
  - Wreck removal clause
  - Indemnity regimes (knock-for-knock)
  - Commercial interests
- Salvage contract
  - Wreckhire/LOF
- Transition
- Wreck removal contract
  Wreckstage/ Wreckhire

# Linsurance and reinsurance

## Reinsurance considerations (for insurers)

- Offshore units often not considered vessels, and accordingly covered by commercial cover (i.e. not poolable)
- P&I insurers will therefore primarily report to and update reinsurers
- Emphasis on predictability

## Insurance considerations (for salvors)

- Wreckstage/Wreckhire Contractor to have insurance cover for their own operation incl. salvor's liabilities
- Damage to third party installations not covered by field indemnity regime
  - Additional insurance

## Approvals

#### Who will issue approvals?

- Geographical variations
- Explicit vs. tacit approval
- Contractual impacts

#### • What needs to be approved?

- Methodology
- Use of assets
- Ordinary permits (visas etc.)

#### Common concerns

- Safety
- Field operations
- Local content
- Environmental



- Expectations of the field operator
  - Operational concerns
- Expectations of the Contractor
   Access without delay
- Security considerations





- Survey owners/insurers or the bidders?
- Site information meaningful, accurate description
- Balanced bidding
- Increased certainty in the review process
- Clear risk allocation better pricing
- Wreck monitoring to ensure no Clause 4 events prior to contracting / attendance on site
- Surgical approach to hydrocarbon removal
- Continuous reference in the method design spiral
- Practical on-site preparation for each work package, and each task
- Presentation to authorities



# Technical challenges for removal of a unit

- Depth
- SAT diving
- ROV
- Dangerous Goods
- Live assets
- Object shapes and strength
  - Cantilever decks
  - Legs
  - Obstructions



### Weather and operational restrictions

- Seasonal variations
- Distance to shelter
- Time to recover significant anchor spreads
- Offshore
- Asset availability (high and low seasons)





# Proximity to other offshore installations and operations

- Sim-ops
- Crossing of live pipelines on exit (drop concerns)





- Scale of sections
- Location of fields not often convenient to recyling facilities
- Challenges of cross border transfer
- Optics of bringing scrap ashore



#### Where next? Some reflections

- Will floating offshore wind create new challenges and expectations?
- Asset choice and availability for intervention
- Extensive flotsam from fractured blades
- Designs of windmill and their moorings constantly evolving
- Recovery of drifting windmill

Is experience from offshore casualties relevant



#### Thank you

